

Heat metering & CBB – Serbian legal framework

Gazette of Republic of Serbia) Law on Energy (145/2014)

Rulebook on Energy Efficiency

Methodology for Determining

the Price for Heat Supplying of

Legal regulations of LSGs (DH

Ordinances, Rulebooks, Tariff

systems, Local methodologies

for DH prices, Official

notifications...)

End-Customers (63/2015)

of Buildings (61/2011)

Law on Energy Efficiency

(25/2013)

Provisions that regulates Heat metering & CBB

LSG is obliged to adopt regulations for allocating costs from a joint metering point in the heat

regulating and heat metering in heat substation, every apartment and heating body (Art. 44)

would be technically unfeasible or in relation to the long-term estimated energy savings not

Central heating systems should be designed and run so that central and local regulation and

Defines the elements for calculation and the method of determining the maximum amount of

revenues, the criteria and rules for the distribution of revenues of the Supplier, the category of End-

The levels of the heat cost allocation (level of the joint heat substation for several buildings, level

Models of heat cost allocation (according to apartment heating area or according to individual

Customers, tariff elements, tariffs and the method of their calculation for the heat billing and the

conditions and the procedure for submitting a request for a change of the price for heat supply

Among other these regulations are defining necessary elements for Heat metering & CBB:

• The corrective coefficient (for apartments not equipped with devices)

The minimum percentage of installed devices for determining of individual consumption

installation of equipment for individual metering of DH users (Art. 51)

Distributors of heat are obliged to carry out a series of activities to ensure the conditions and

Ownership, maintenance and service of heat metering devices and devices for heat regulation and other property-legal relations are regulated by a contract btwn the owner of the apartment and the

Minister determines the conditions under which the equipping of installation with metering devices

The investor is obliged to equip each new building, to be connected to the DHS, with equipment for

metering of heat consumption for is enabled (Art. 13)

Title (No of Official

substation (Art.361)

distributor (Art. 51)

of the building)

heat metering)

• Joint consumption amount

economically profitable (Art. 51)

Practical implementation – City of Niš

- ▶ The main arrangements of CBB in City of Niš:
 - ▶ 100% of consumers are in CBB from 2013
 - Same price for residential and commercial consumers
 - ▶ 100% of heat substations equipped with calorimeters
 - Around 10% of consumers have installed equipment and in individual metering
 - Investors are obliged to pay for the equipment of new buildings with calorimeters and individual calorimeters in apartments
 - Tenants of old buildings are paying for the installation of HCAs/individual calorimeters in their apartments and obliged to maintain them
 - Controllers are obliged to perform the service of installment HCAs/individual calorimeters, reading, division of costs and maintenance
 - District Heating Company calculates the bills according to the info about the allocation of costs received from Controllers



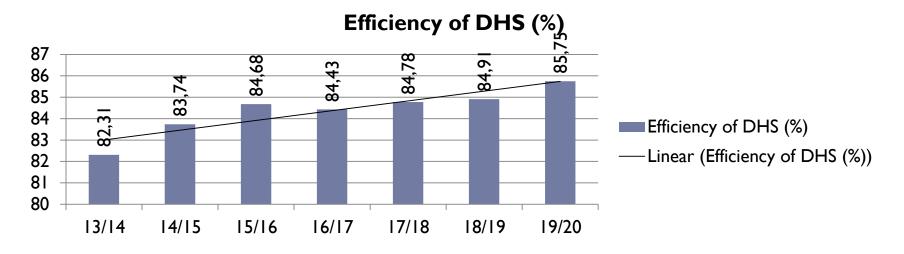


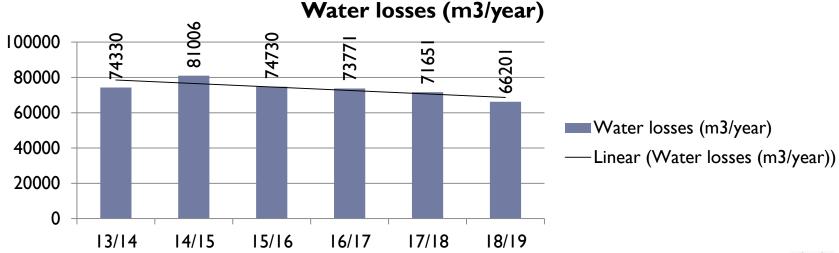
Lessons learned – heat savings

Heatin	g season	13/14	14/15	15/16	16/17	17/18	18/19	19/20	
Average tempe	rature (°C)	7,75	5,81	6,78	4,16	6,58	6,81	7,74	
HDD		2364	2597	2419	3152	2484	2493	2342	
Heat potential (MWh)	of resorces	239.392	265.718	245.377	278.764	243.753	250.948	229.342	
Heat produced	(MWh)	211.025	241.369	224.317	252.357	220.570	227.156	207.950	
Heat delivered	(MWh)	197.033	222.523	207.774	235.348	206.651	213.073	196.666	
	Heat production	88,15	90,84	91,42	90,53	90,49	90,52	90,67	
Efficiency (%)	Heat distribution	93,37	92,19	92,63	93,26	93,69	93,80	94,57	
	TOTAL	82,31	83,74	84,68	84,43	84,78	84,91	85,75	
Water losses (r	m ³)	74.330	81.006	74.730	73.771	71.651	66.201	65.380	
	Houses	125,23	130,27	118,31	138,80	124,12	124,77	116,48	
Specific heat consumption (kWh/m²/an)	Condominiums	99,99	113,64	109,39	127,64	114,72	119,57	111,68	
	Condominiums CBB	92,50	77,84	74,27	87,15	78,15	77,24	69,43	
	TOTAL	101,02	112,73	107,55	124,89	112,12	115,80	107,78	
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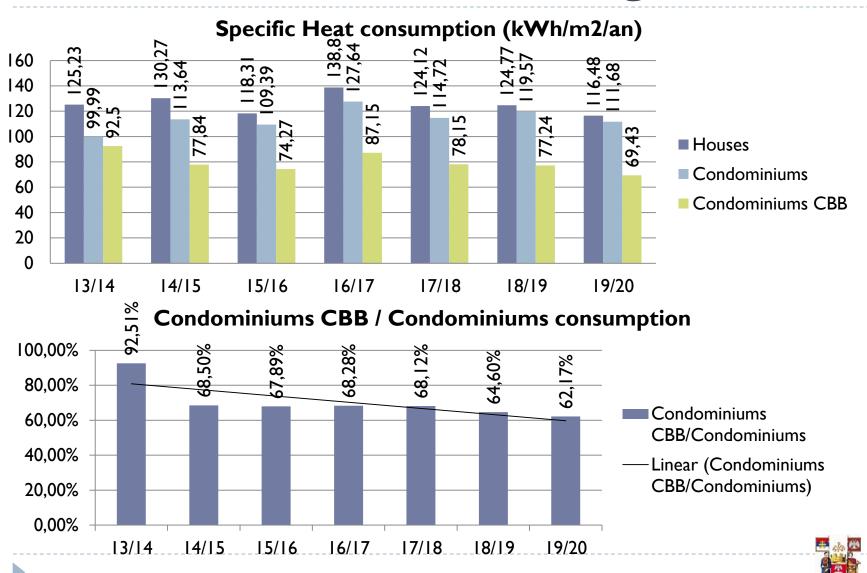
Lessons learned – heat savings







Lessons learned – heat savings

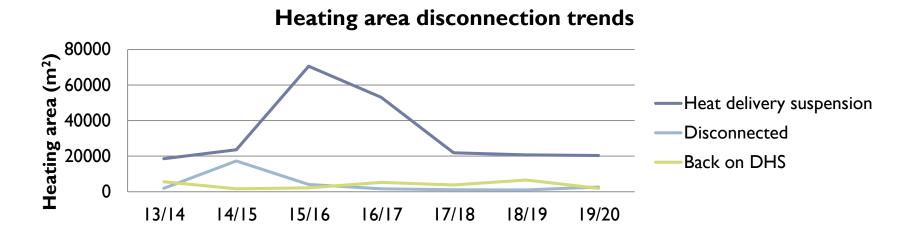


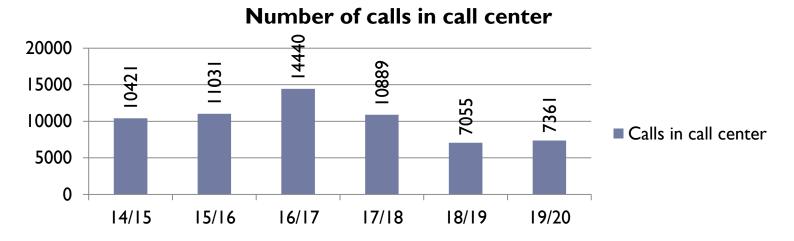
Lessons learned – customers satisfaction

		13/14	14/15	15/16	16/17	17/18	18/19	19/20
Suspension of	Number of customers	154	378	1156	778	352	333	342
heat delivery	Total heating area (m²)	18.508,00	23.542,95	70.565,31	53.068,65	21.857,69	20.722,07	20.307,67
Contract	Number of customers	18	137	35	13	10	11	6
termination / disconnection	Total heating area (m²)	1.876,25	17.305,83	4.058,70	1.646,54	1.089,76	1.009,52	2.588,42
Returning on	Number of customers	108	4	36	63	72	60	22
DHS	Total heating area (m²)	5.622,61	1.624,18	2.130,26	5.204,67	3.769,98	6.603,46	1.850,11
Call center calls		n/a	10.421	11.031	14.440	10.889	7.055	7.361



Lessons learned – customer satisfaction



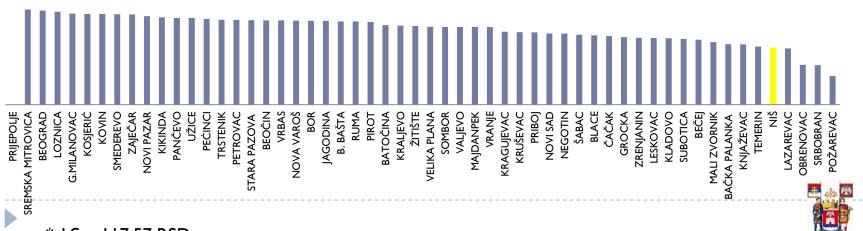




Lessons learned – Pricing policy

Month	Oct 13	Oct 14	Jan 15	Feb 15	Avg 15	Oct 15	Jan 16	Feb 16	Mar 16	Apr 16	Aug 16	Dec 16	Aug 17	Aug 18	Nov 18	Dec 18	Jan 19	Aug 19	A pr 20	Jul 20	A ug 20	Nov 20
RSD/kWh	6,13	5,95	6,26	7,53	5,53	5,12	4,63	4,69	4,64	3,91	5,21	5,40	5,04	5,40	6,04	5,96	5,83	900,9	5,54	4,68	5,23	4,53
RSD/m ²	29,23*	26,48	28,26	28,26	28,26	28,26	28,26	28,26	28,26	28,26	28,26	28,26	27,08	27,08	21,18	21,18	21,18	21,18	21,18	21,18	24,57	24,57

District Heating costs for the apartment (60m2; 110kWh/m2/an) RSD/year



Lessons learned - current state & conclusions

City & DHC introduced a number of measures:

- More than 30 changes of regulations
- Mechanism of vulnerable consumer (implemented in 2016)
- DHC does not bill the consumption above 20% above average monthly consumption. Total amounts of subsidies:
 - 17/18 6.396.898,99 RSD (54.409 €)
 - ► 18/19 5.357.804,79 RSD (45.571 €)
 - 19/20 5.294.219,02 RSD (45.030 €)
- Representative of customers in advisory body for pricing
- Representative of citizens at Supervisory Board
- Regular meetings btwn DHC management and representatives of customers
- Public debates

Conclusions based on lessons learned:

- ▶ CBB eventually leads to optimization of DHC operations and better satisfaction of customers anyway
- Large problems in implemantation of CBB could be easily avoided:
 - Communication Strategy
 - Supporting scheme for customers to improve EE of their buildings
 - Provide technical support for legislation





Thank you for your attention!
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