

# ACER – Energy Community Webinar Series

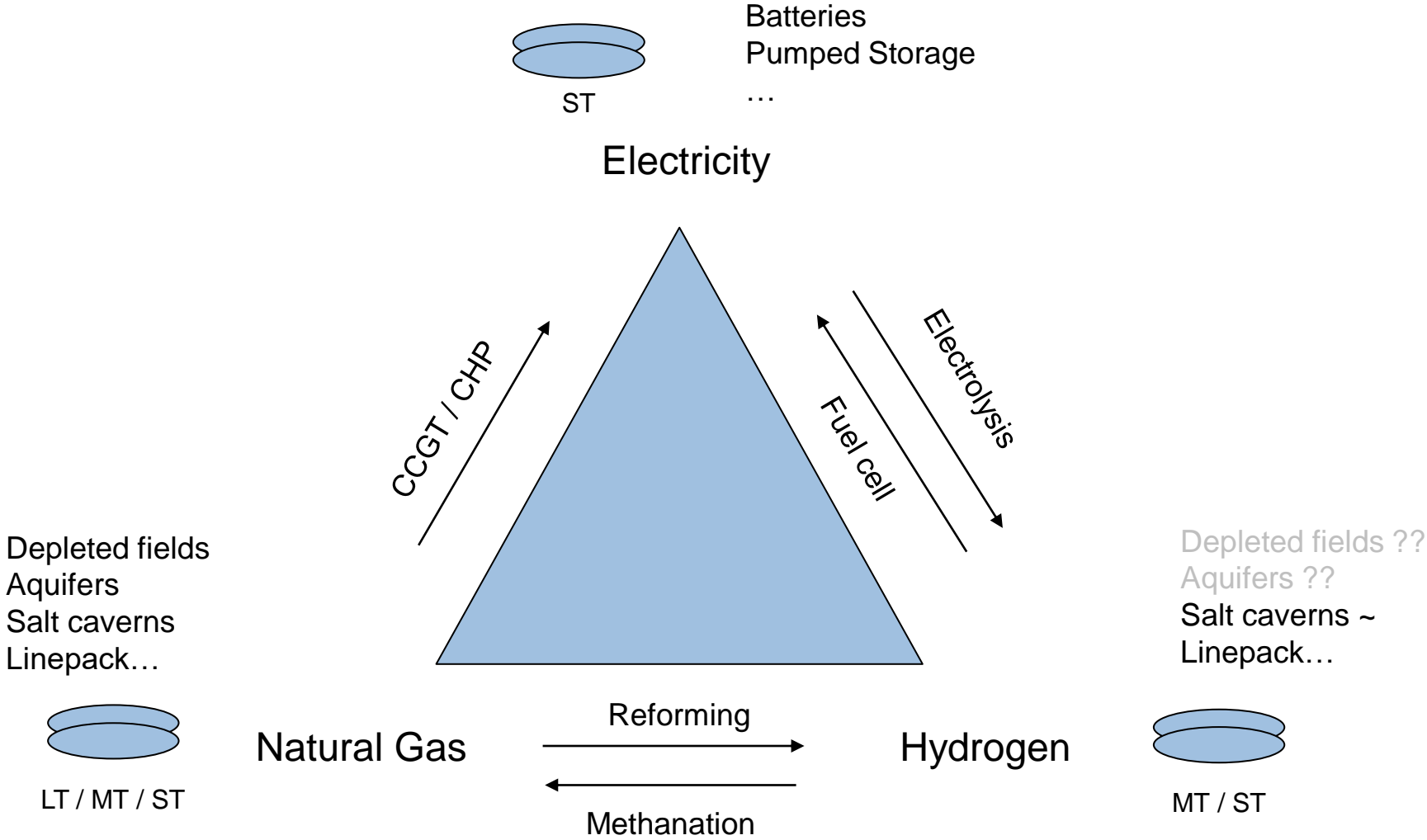
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**European Federation of Energy Traders**



**Hydrogen:  
Pan-European Cooperation,  
Sector Integration**



- The hydrogen market does not exist in isolation. There will be three interconnected physical markets, each with a requirement for physical balance, with the ability to convert energy from one form to another.
- Commercially, they will be increasingly seen as a single system (as long as the markets are established properly). But also interact with markets for environmental instruments (ETS, GOs, Certificates,...)
- Conversion and storage in alternative forms will compete with flexibility in production and demand – markets can optimise if allowed to work! Grid stability and seasonality are key issues.
- Confusion of regulation – If electricity is used to produce hydrogen, then the storage of that hydrogen (whether or not converted back into electricity) is covered by the Electricity Directive?!
- Must be careful when regulated assets are competing with private investment – e.g. electrolysis as a means of providing balancing services in electricity and hydrogen production.
- Risk of creating isolated national markets – need to establish common framework for European hydrogen market.
- Who pays will be important. Recovering TSO revenues from declining gas volumes and initially low levels of hydrogen throughput, with appropriate incentives for repurposing or decommissioning – these will require a new framework where cost-reflectivity must be weighed against other objectives.