Mid-Term Adequacy Forecast MAF 2019

European Network of Transmission System Operators for Electricity (ENTSO-E)

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Programme

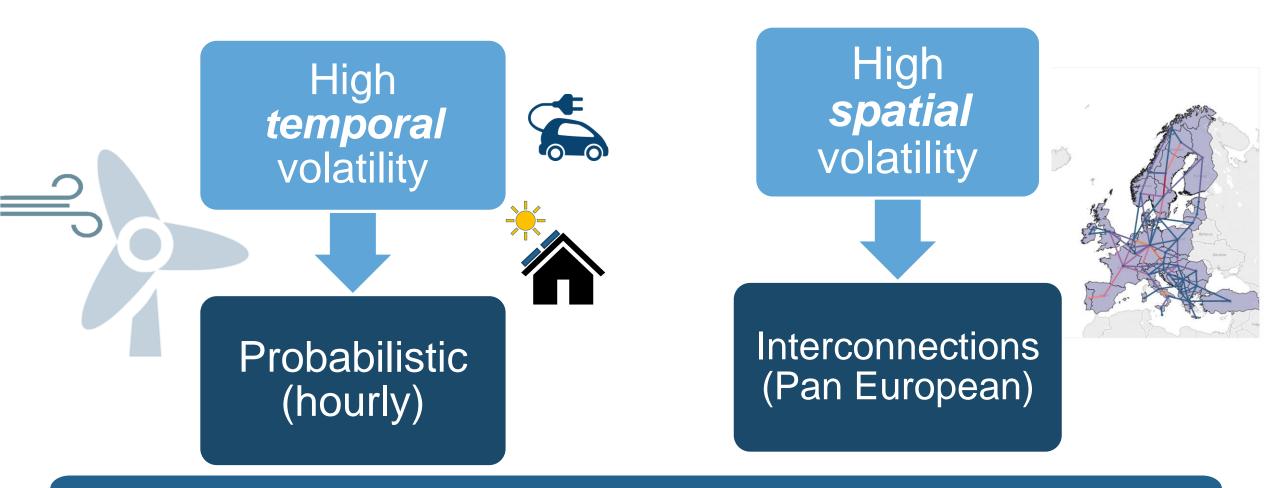
- 1 Adequacy at ENTSO-E
 - 2 MAF 2019 methodology and outcomes
 - 3 MAF key take-aways



Adequacy at ENTSO-E

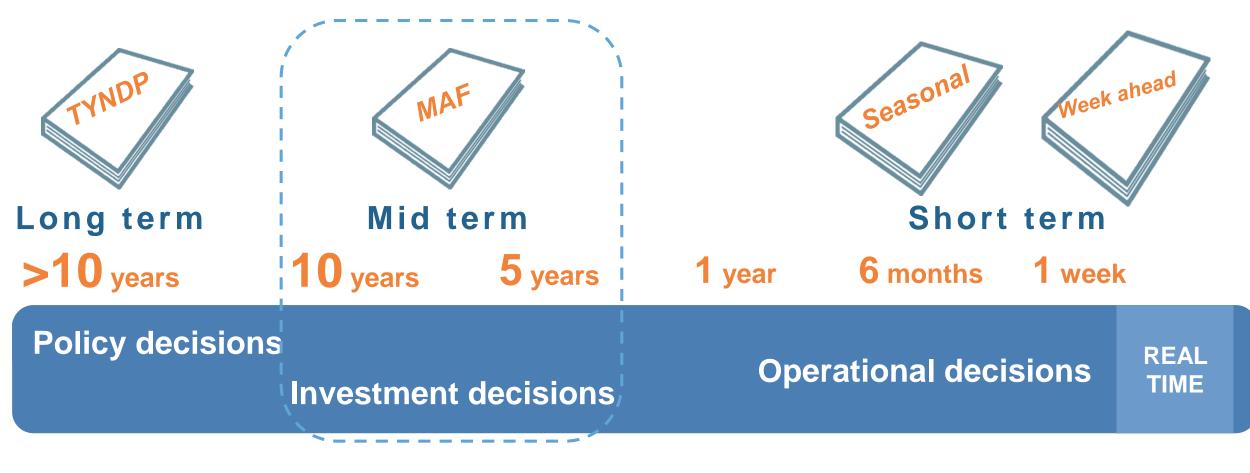


Energy transition requires a robust methodology



Need to reflect accurately the complementarities of the different technologies (generation capacity flexibility, storage, demand response, energy efficiency)

Different risks addressed with different timeframes



UNCERTAINTY INCREASES

MAF 2019: Methodology



MAF 2019 scope and limitations

Addressed by MAF 2019

Not yet addressed



Identification & quantification of **resource scarcity risk** in day-ahead market in 2021 and 2025





Accelerated low-carbon stress test for 2025

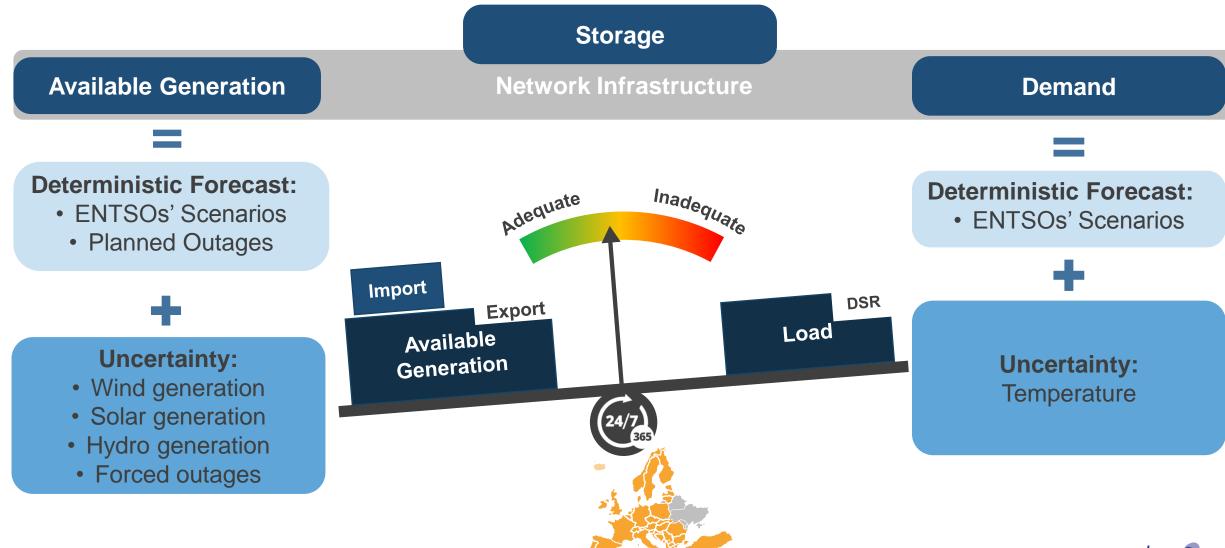
Suitability of **regulatory framework** & **market design** (e.g. rightness of Capacity Mechanism)



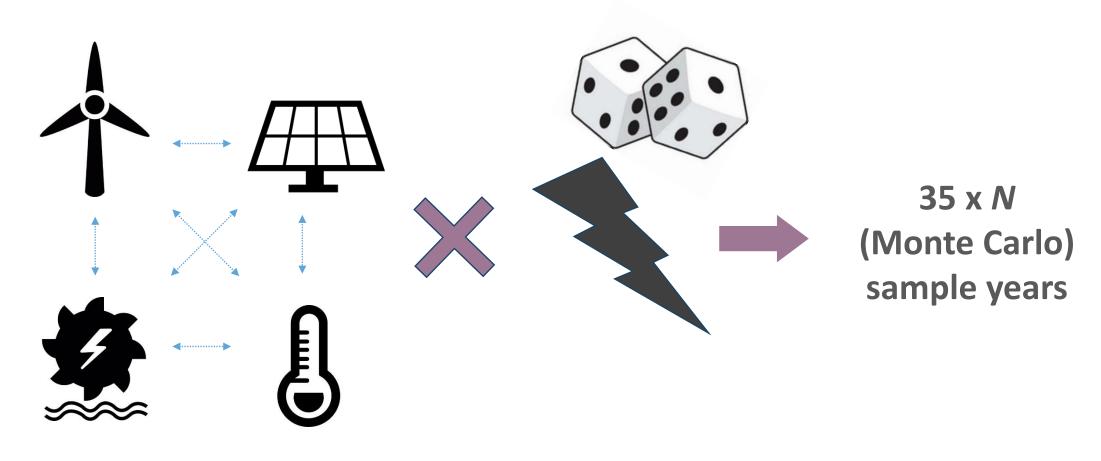
Flow-Based sensitivity for 2021

Internal congestion within a Bidding Zone (considered as copper plate)

Resource Adequacy: General Methodology



Resource Adequacy: Construction of Sample Years



35 years of interdependent climate data

N random draws for unplanned outages

Improvements compared to previous editions: Focus on input data – Hydro and Demand

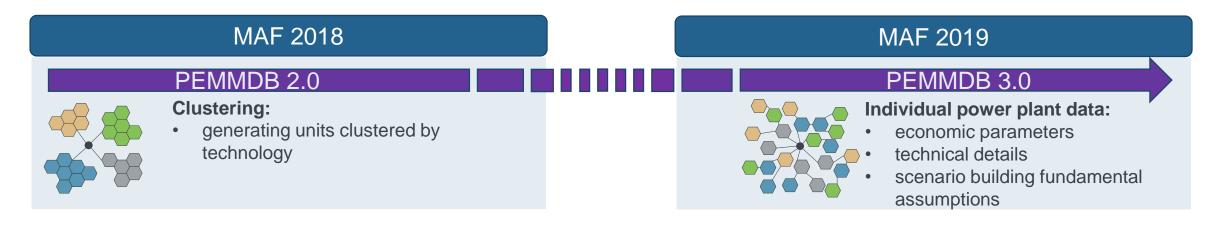
Hydro Modelling: Complete set of climate years with year-specific hydrological conditions

- Hydropower modelling has a significant impact on the results;
- Harmonized assumptions, common methodology based on re-analysis of historical data and better reflection of the interdependence of hydrological and the rest climate variables (temperature, wind, solar, etc.);

Demand time-series: advanced tool for an improved model

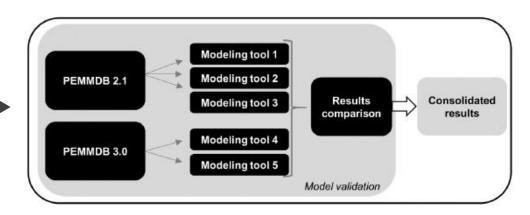
- Common tool and methodology to build time-series for all zones;
- Trained on a number of historical demand time-series and their correlation with climate variables based on identification of significance of each variable, e.g., temperature, irradiance, wind speed, etc.;
- Considering contribution of Electric Vehicles and Heat Pumps.

Improvements compared to previous editions: Focus on input data – Thermal Generation



- Unit-by-unit granularity of thermal generation data is a milestone for System Development studies;
- Detailed modelling of various properties, e.g., maintenance, derating of generation plants, ramping, expectations of commissioning and decommissioning, economic parameters etc..;

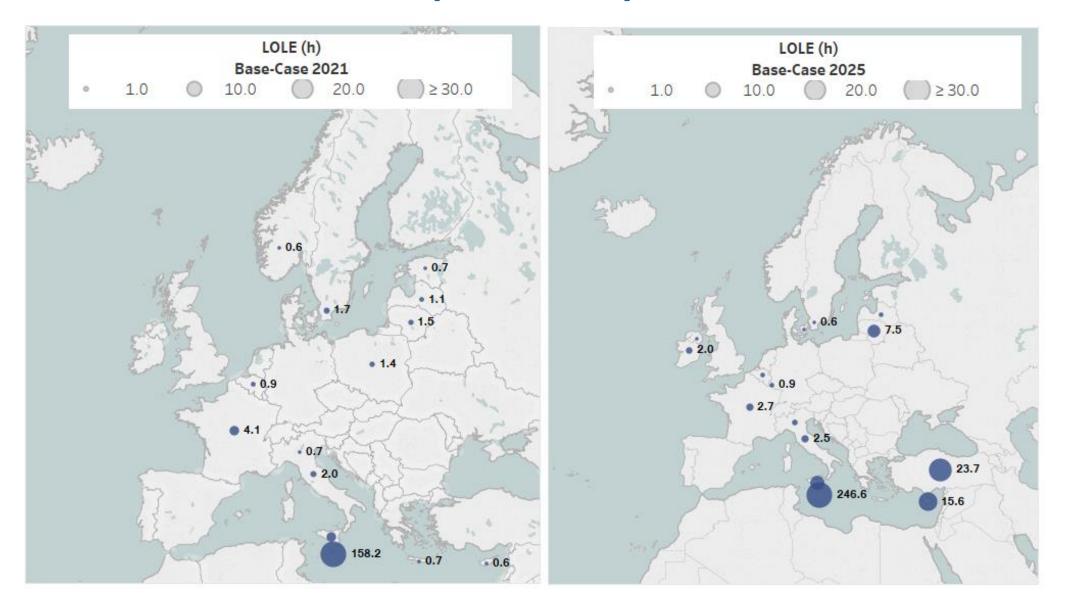
Hybrid approach for first implementation in MAF 2019



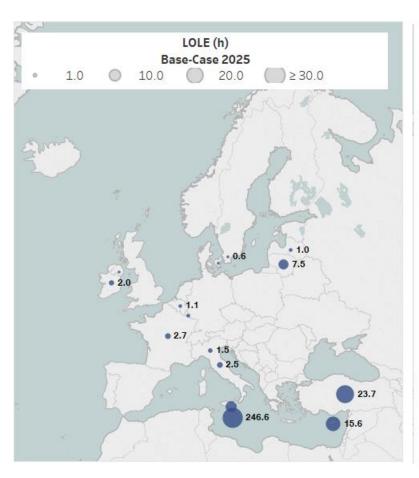
MAF 2019: Main Outcomes

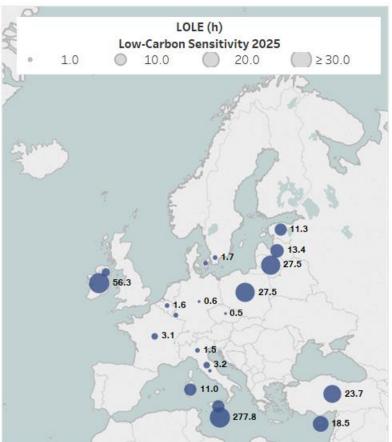


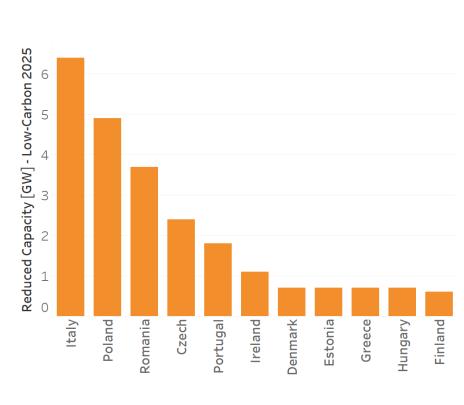
Base case results: Comparison of year 2021 and 2025



Low-Carbon stress test for 2025: 23 GW phased out







MAF 2019: Take-Aways

ENTSO-E MAF is a pan-European, monitoring assessment of adequacy – benchmark for all other regional and national studies

Data and methodology are important:

- Datasets are updated & improved in quality and granularity year-by-year;
- Methodology evolves & is enhanced with new features towards the ERAA;
- Probabilistic assessment is recognized as state-of-the-art approach;
- Uncertainties and extreme climate years might have significant impact on results.

MAF 2019 identifies restricted number of risks in target years 2021 and 2025, given that the input assumptions on availabilities will materialize.

Thank you for your attention