

ENERGY COMMUNITY- TAXUD Vienna 25th March 2019

> Taxation and Customs Union



Why is proper implementation of the VAT rules in the energy sector important for the EU Commission.

A) For wider (political) reasons.

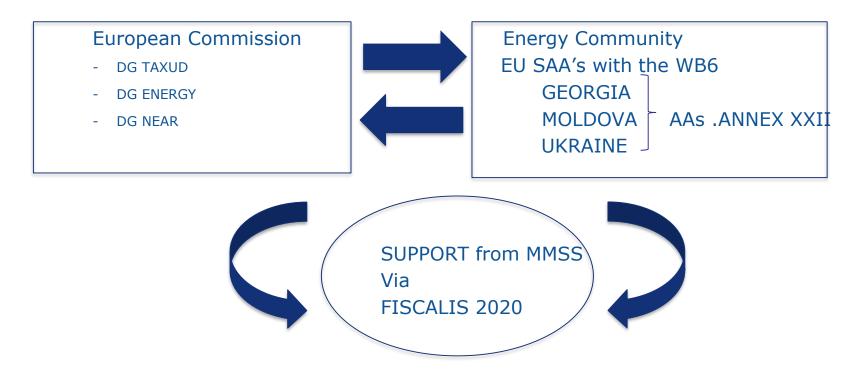
- To ensure the alignment with the Acquis of Enlargement countries.
- To implement our Association Agreements.
- To eliminate obstacles to the functioning of the energy markets,

B) To protect the VAT receipts of Member States





TAXUD PERSPECTIVE







REFERENCE DOCUMENTS

- Conclusions of the 46th Permanent High Level Group of the Energy Comm.
- Study examining the implementation of EU acquis on VAT in the Energy Community (August 2017)
- Implementation Plan
 - » Preparation of amendments
 - » Implementation, monitoring and consulting

» VAT EXPERT GROUP





KEY ISSUES

- PRINCIPLES
- SITUATION IN EACH PARTY
- DOUBLE or no Taxation
- PROPOSALS





MAIN PRINCIPLES

- A) GENERAL PRICIPLES
 - Harmonization .
 - Simplicity.
 - Neutrality .
- B) KEY PRINCIPLES

- B2C

- Electricity and gas as a good
- B2B Taxable dealer
 - Consumer
- Exemption to import . Art 143.I) VAT
- Supply of services
- Mechanism to prevent fraud (RCM and QRM)





Status of VAT harmonization in the energy sector according to the study by the Energy Community

- ALBANIA , KOSOVO* AND SERBIA: "a good level of harmonization"
- BiH, MONTENEGRO AND NORTH MACEDONIA: "some level of harmonization"
- GEORGIA, MOLDOVA AND UKRAINE: "no harmonization"

* This designation is without prejudice to positions on status and is in line with UNSCR 1244 and the ICJ Opinion on the Kosovo Declaration of Independence

Taxation and Customs Union

Status of harmonization with EU VAT regime

| VAT Directive - subject matter | Application | Article | Albania | B&H | Montenegro | Georgia | Kosovo | FYR of Macedonia | Moldova | Serbia | Ukraine |
|-------------------------------------|--|--------------------------|---------|-----|------------|---------|--------|---------------------|---------|--------|---------|
| TAXABLE PERSON | general | (Art. 9) | | | | | | | | | |
| GOVERNMENTAL BODIES | general | (Art.13) | | | | | | | | | |
| PLACE OF SUPPLY OF GOODS | NG and electricity | (Art. 38, 39) | | | | | | | | | |
| PLACE OF SUPPLY OF SERVICES | general, and access to network | (Art. 44, 45, 59/1/h) | | | | | | | | | |
| EXEMPTIONS ON IMPORTATION | NG and electricity | (Art. 143) | | | | | | | | | |
| EXEMPTIONS ON EXPORTATION | general | (Art. 146) | | | | | | | | | |
| PERSON LIABLE FOR PAYMENT OF VAT | general | (Art.192a) | | | | | | | | | |
| | reverse charging - general | (Art.194) | | | | | | | | | |
| | cross-border reverse charging [NG and electricity] | (Art.195) | | | | | | | | | |
| | domestic reverse charging [NG and electricity, certificates] and reporting | (Art.199a) | | | | | | | | ///// | |
| | tax representative | (Art.204) | | | | | | | | | |

CESEC 24 October 2014



DOUBLE TAXATION AND NO TAXATION

- A) As a Service

- B) As a Good

RESULT , 40 MILL loss in VAT receipts





CONCLUSIONS AND NEXT STEPS

- Review of the situation in each party
- COMMITMMENTS BY EACH PARTY
- ORGANIZATION FOR FISCALIS 2020,
- NEXT MEETING





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