

# TYNDP2018 Project assessment

## *Interaction in terms of PECE/PMI Process*

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11 December, 2017

# The policy context

EU internal electricity market integration components

- Market rules (3<sup>rd</sup> package 2009 and follow up grid codes)
- Market integration (especially with large share of intermittent RES-E) requires high (cross-border) transmission capacity

→ Regulation (EC) 347/2013 to develop trans-European energy infrastructure

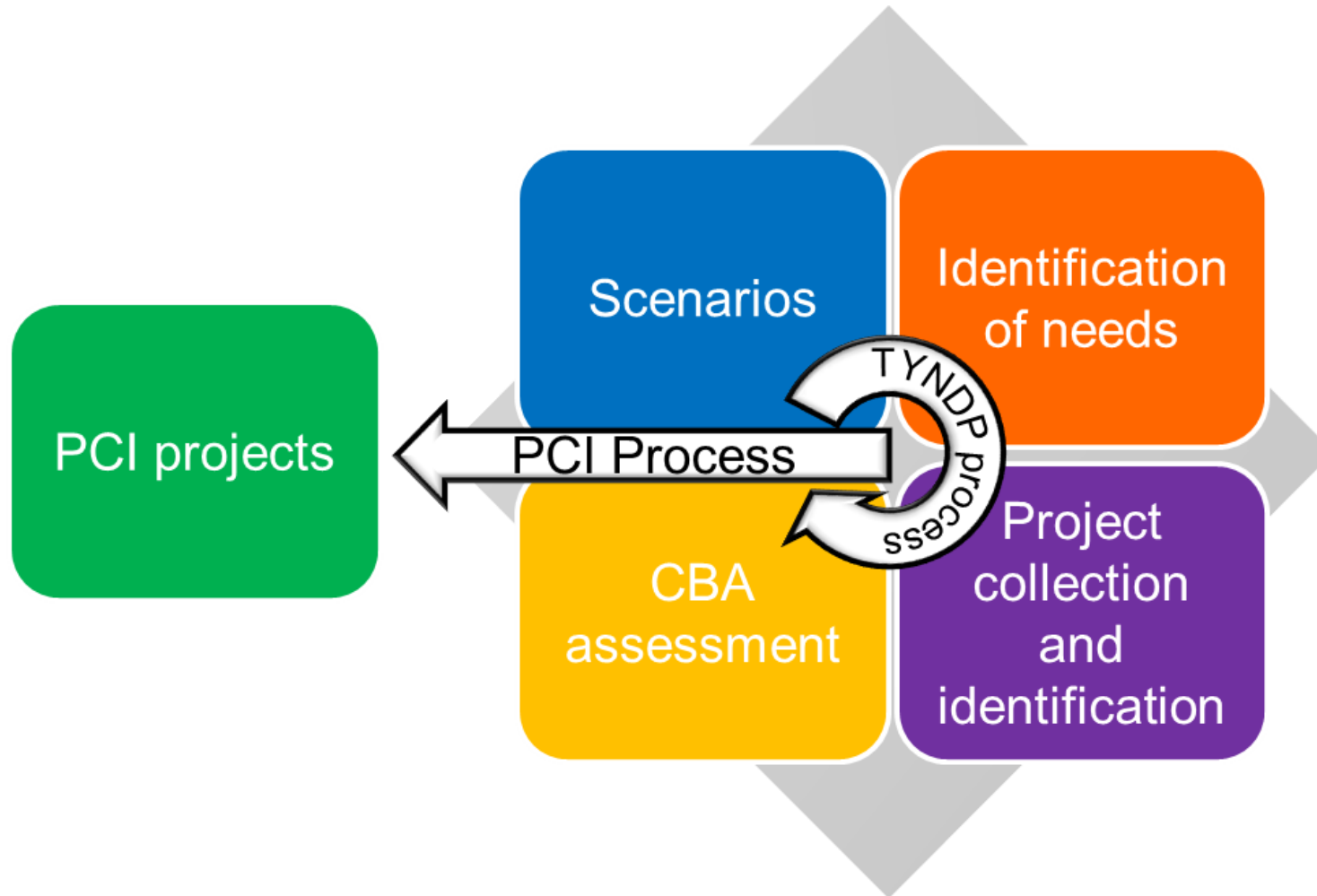
→ ENTSO-E Ten-Year Network Development Plan - TYNDP

**ENTSO-E** responsibility to perform planning studies from perspective of market integration and security of supply (Reg 714)

Opportunity for **all project promoters** to propose projects in TYNDP and PCI list (Reg 347)

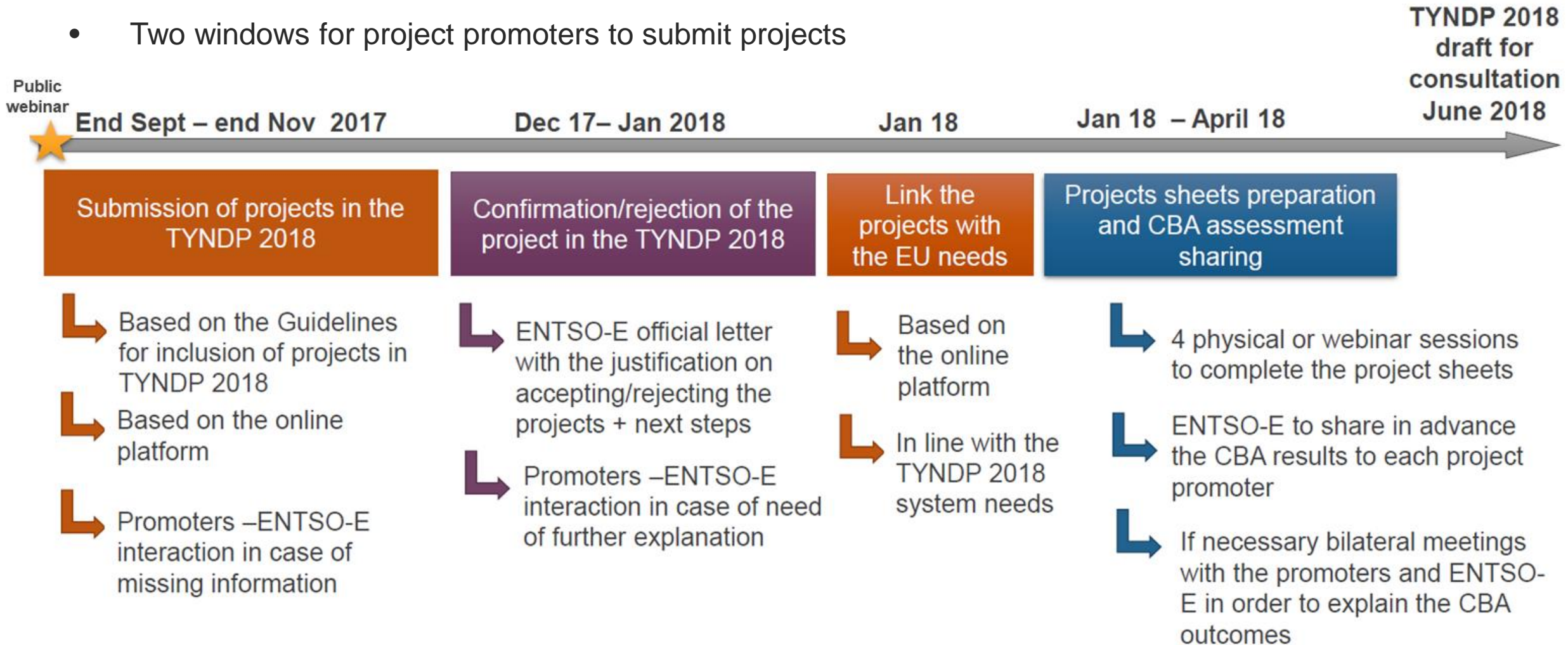
**ENTSO-E** responsibility to assess all projects, demonstrate planning value, and identify barriers (Reg 714)

# Overview of the assessment process inside the TYNDP 2018



# TYNDP 2018 Projects assessment preliminary process

- Two windows for project promoters to submit projects

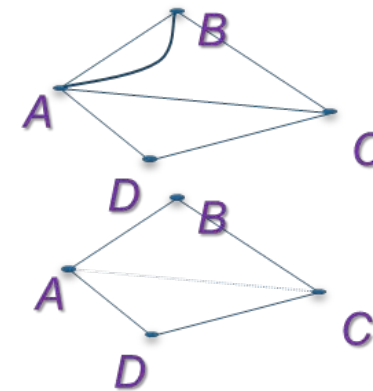
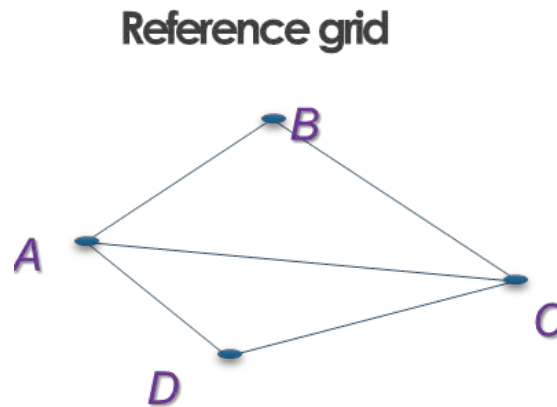


# TYNDP2018 – Project assessment approach

## Assessment based on

- Cost Benefit Analysis methodology (CBA “version 2.0”) – *expected to be approved by EC soon*
- Three 2030 Scenarios (ST, DG, EUCO) and one 2025 Scenario, different climate conditions
- Reference grid for both 2025 & 2030 is based on the present interconnection capacity and all “mature” projects
- Reference for TOOT and PINT assessments

**Assessment of individual projects**



Put one IN at a Time PINT

Take One Out at a Time TOOT

# TYNDP2018 – Project assessment approach

## Criteria to select projects in the reference grid

- Based on expected commissioning year and “maturity”
  - Commissioning date is  $\leq 2027$  and
  - Status is:
    - Commissioned
    - Under construction

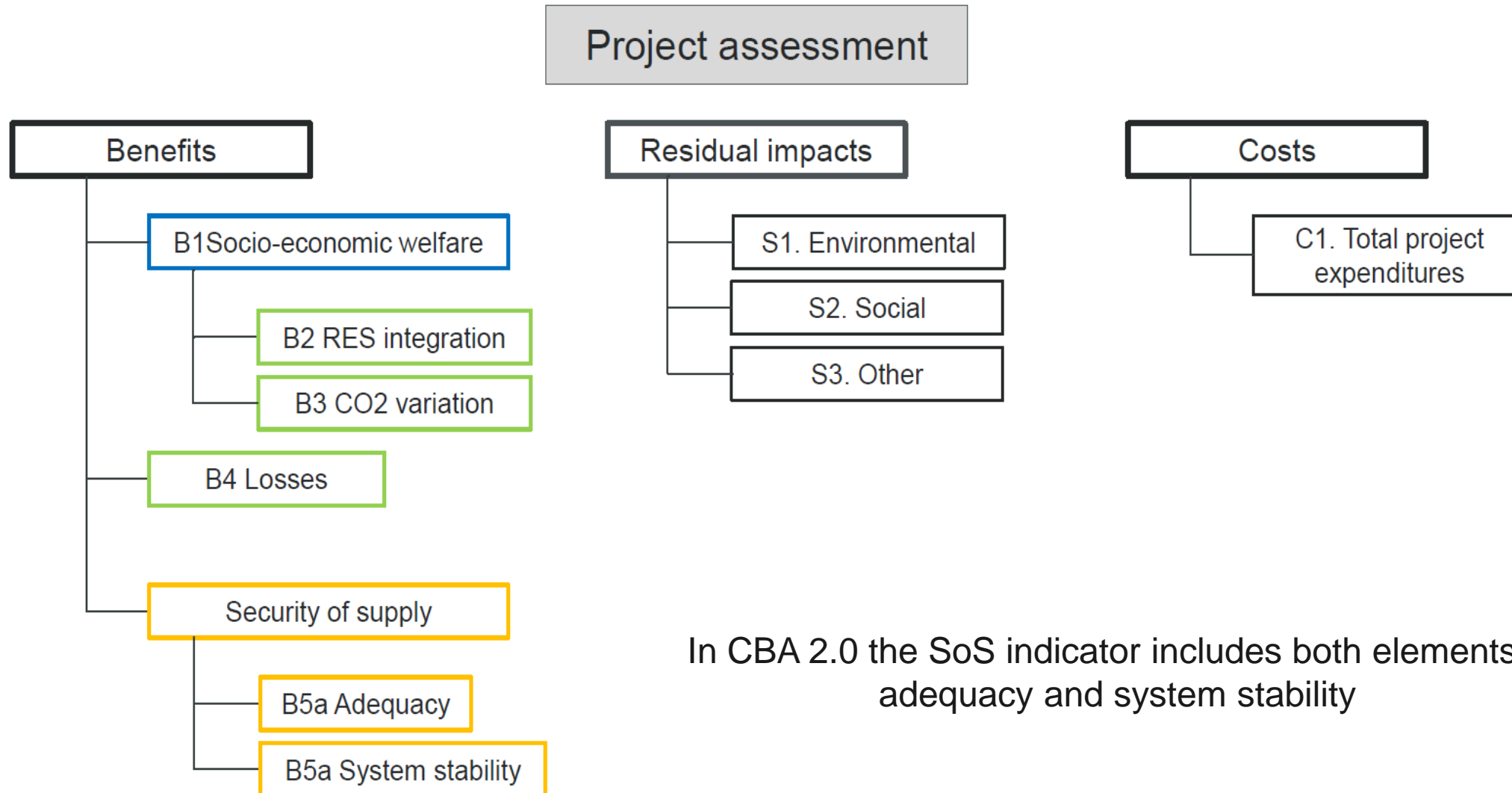
*Reference capacity*

Expected/planned development of the grid  
Parameter for market modelling tools  
Confirmed by network studies  
Possibly different values per directions

→ for all the main investments of each

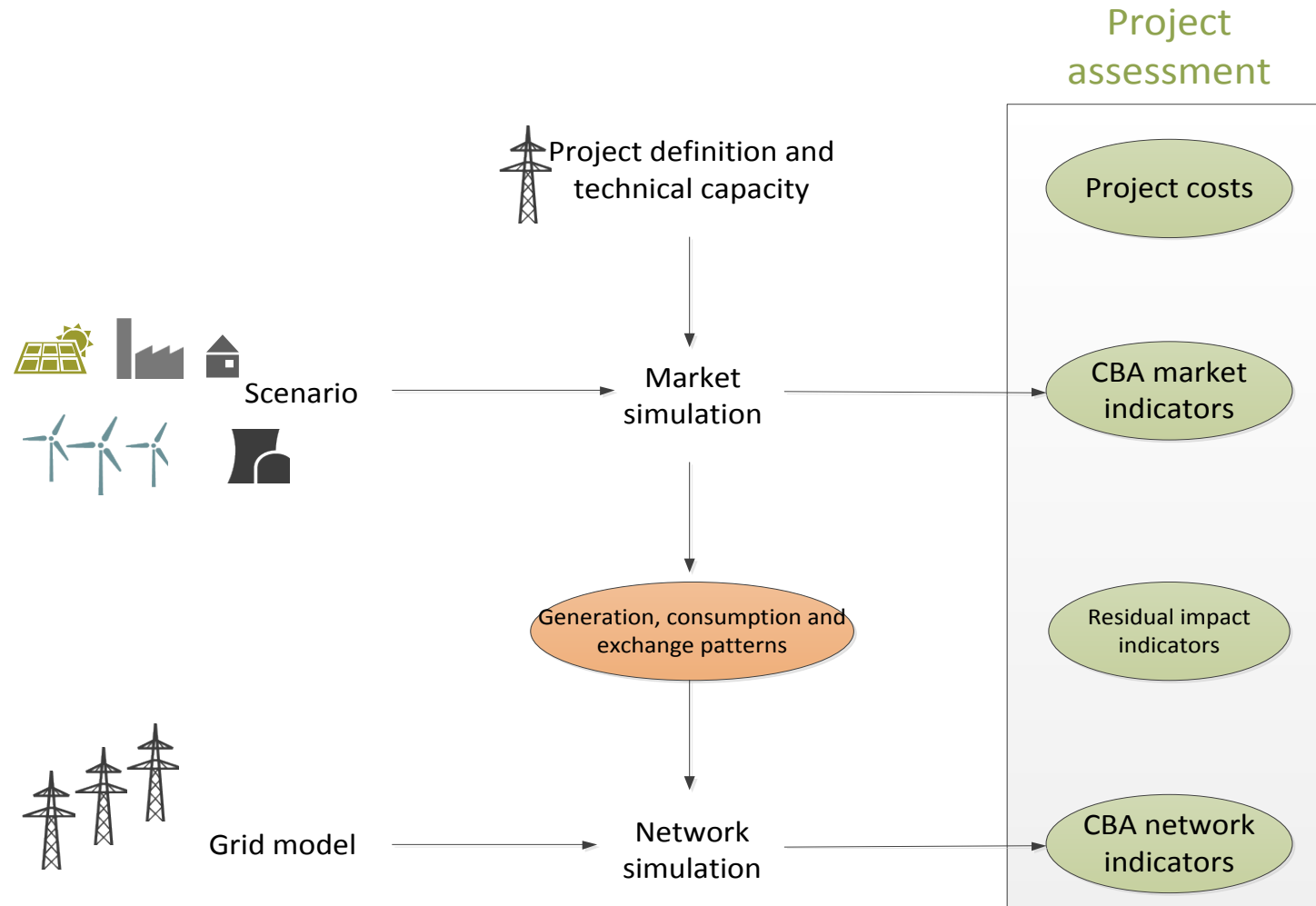
# TYNDP2018 - Assessment of individual projects

2nd ENTSO-E CBA methodology with multi-criteria assessment



In CBA 2.0 the SoS indicator includes both elements – adequacy and system stability

# Schematic project assessment process

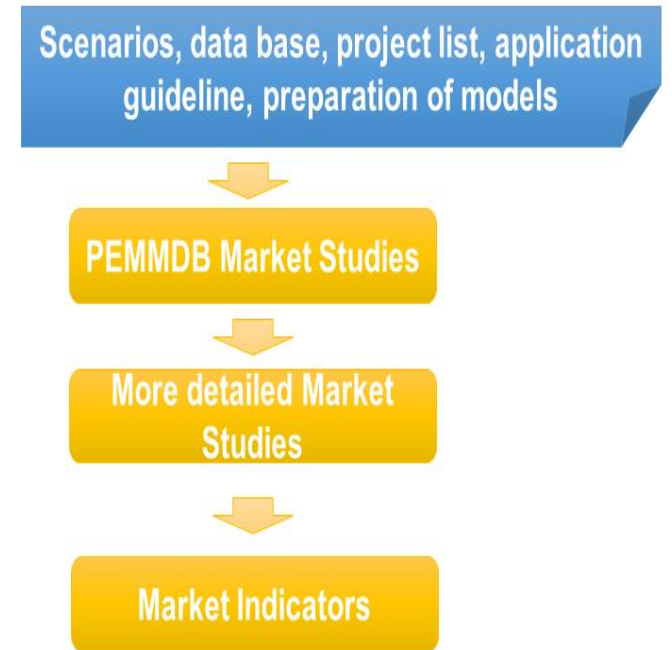




# Assessment of individual projects

## *CBA market indicators*

- ✓ ***Socio-Economic Welfare – SEW*** - or market integration
  - ✓ Def: the ability of a project to reduce congestion and thus provide an increase in transmission capacity that makes it possible to increase commercial exchanges, so that electricity markets can trade power in an more economically efficient manner.
  - ✓ Method 1: Calculating total system cost, by market models or:
  - ✓ Method 2: Calculating consumer and producer surplus and congestion rents, by market models
  - ✓ Monetization: Market models provide monetary values - M€ / year



# Assessment of individual projects

## *CBA market indicators*

### ✓ *RES integration*

- ✓ Def: the ability of the system to allow the connection of new RES generation, unlock existing and future “renewable” generation, and minimize curtailment of electricity produced from RES
  - ✓ Method: avoided curtailment by market models
  - ✓ Monetization: savings in avoided curtailment included in generation cost savings (SEW)
- > *Socio-Economic Welfare increase resulting from RES integration (M€/year)*

### ✓ *variation in CO2 emissions*

- ✓ Def: the change in CO2 emissions in the power system due to the project. It is a consequence of changes in generation dispatch and unlocking renewable potential.
- ✓ Method: using market models
- ✓ Monetization: SEW includes it already, accounting for emissions and CO2 cost

-> *Socio-Economic Welfare increase resulting from CO2 reduction (M€/year)*

# Assessment of individual projects

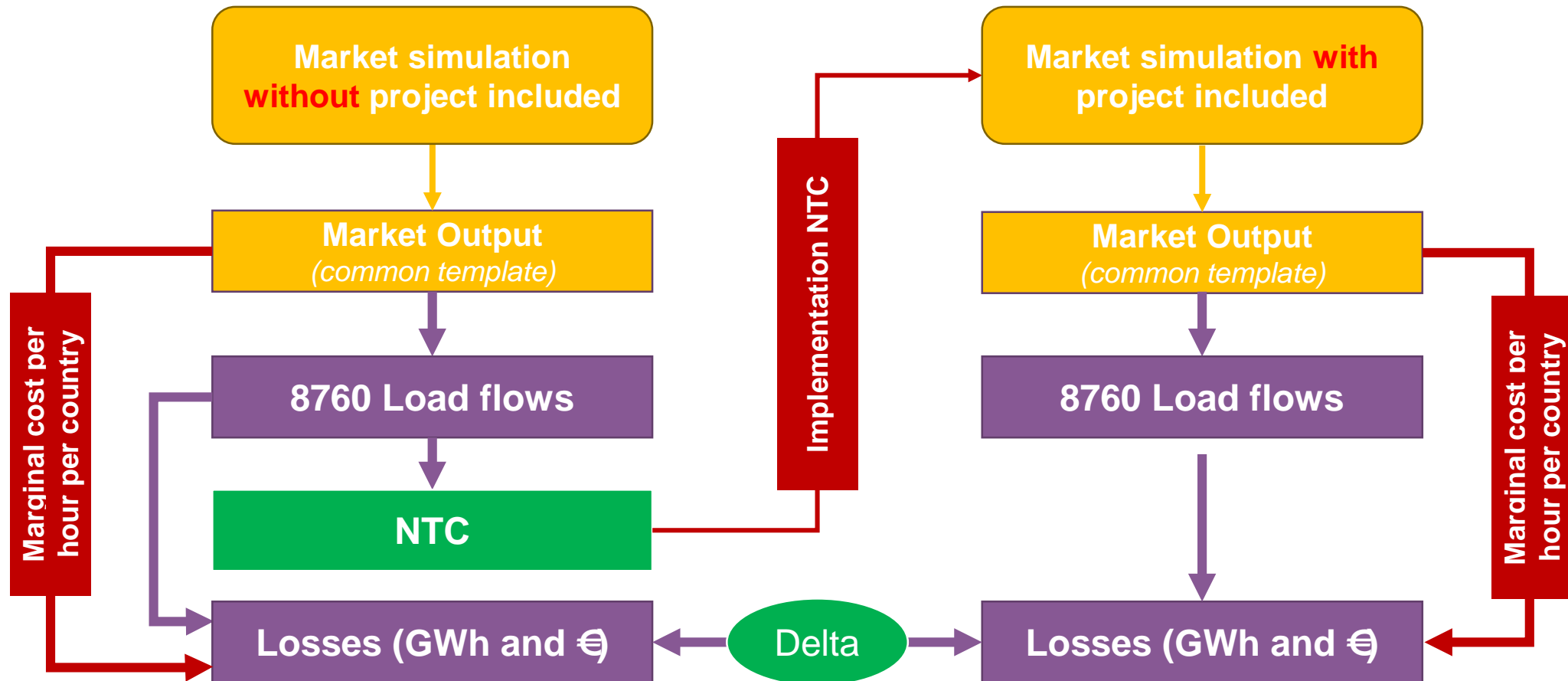
## *CBA market indicators*

- ✓ ***Security of Supply – Adequacy to meet demand***
  - ✓ Def: ability of a power system to provide an adequate supply of electricity to meet demand over an extended period of time.
  - ✓ Method: ENS calculation by market models (MWh/year)  
or, if ENS = 0 :  
  
Additional adequacy margin calculation by market models (MW)
- ✓ Monetization: savings in avoided ENS are excluded from SEW  
Project promoters may multiply the computed ENS with VOLL (in €/MWh).

# Assessment of individual projects

## CBA market indicators

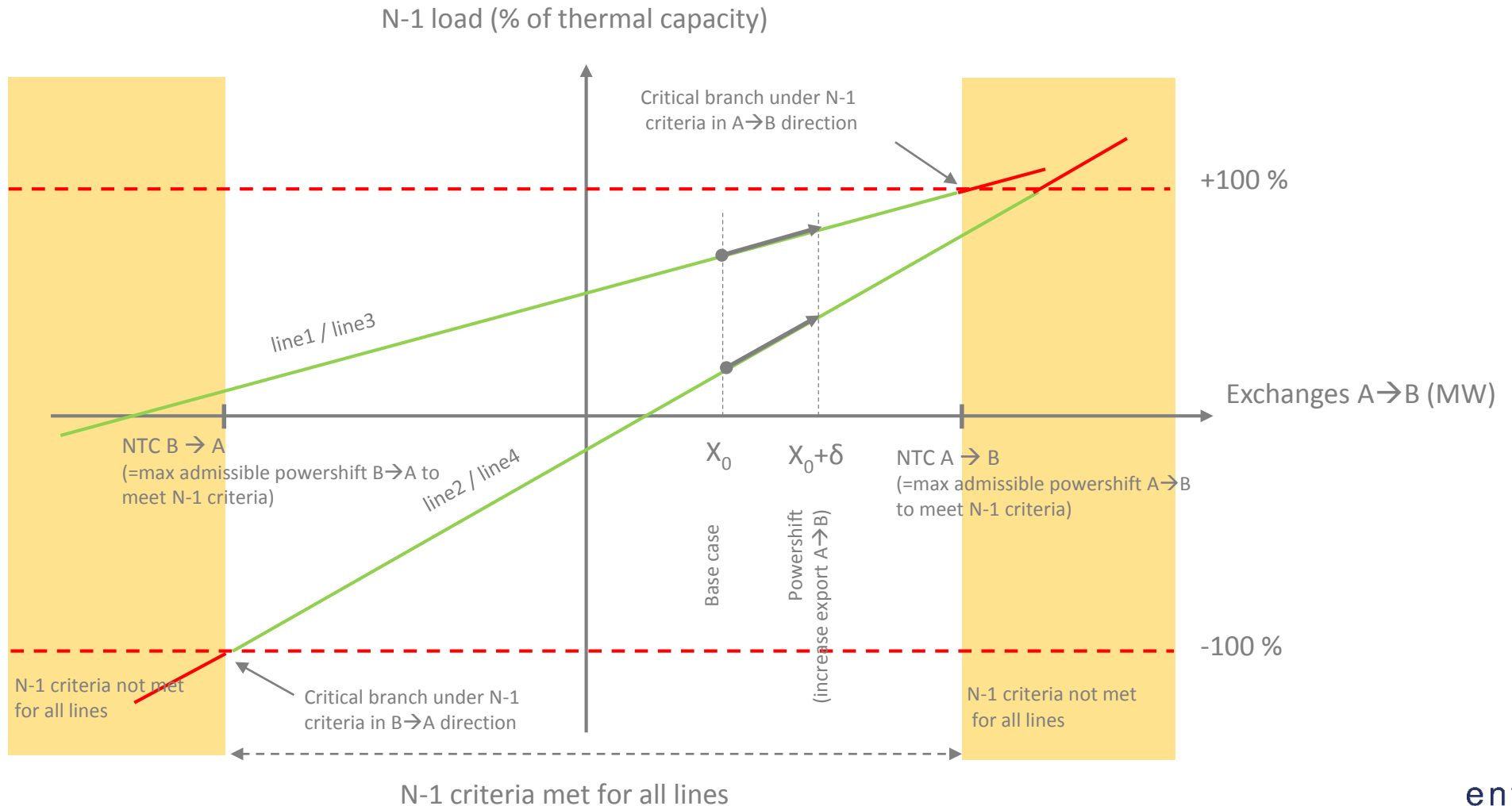
Network indicators – NTC and Losses



# Assessment of individual projects

## CBA market indicators

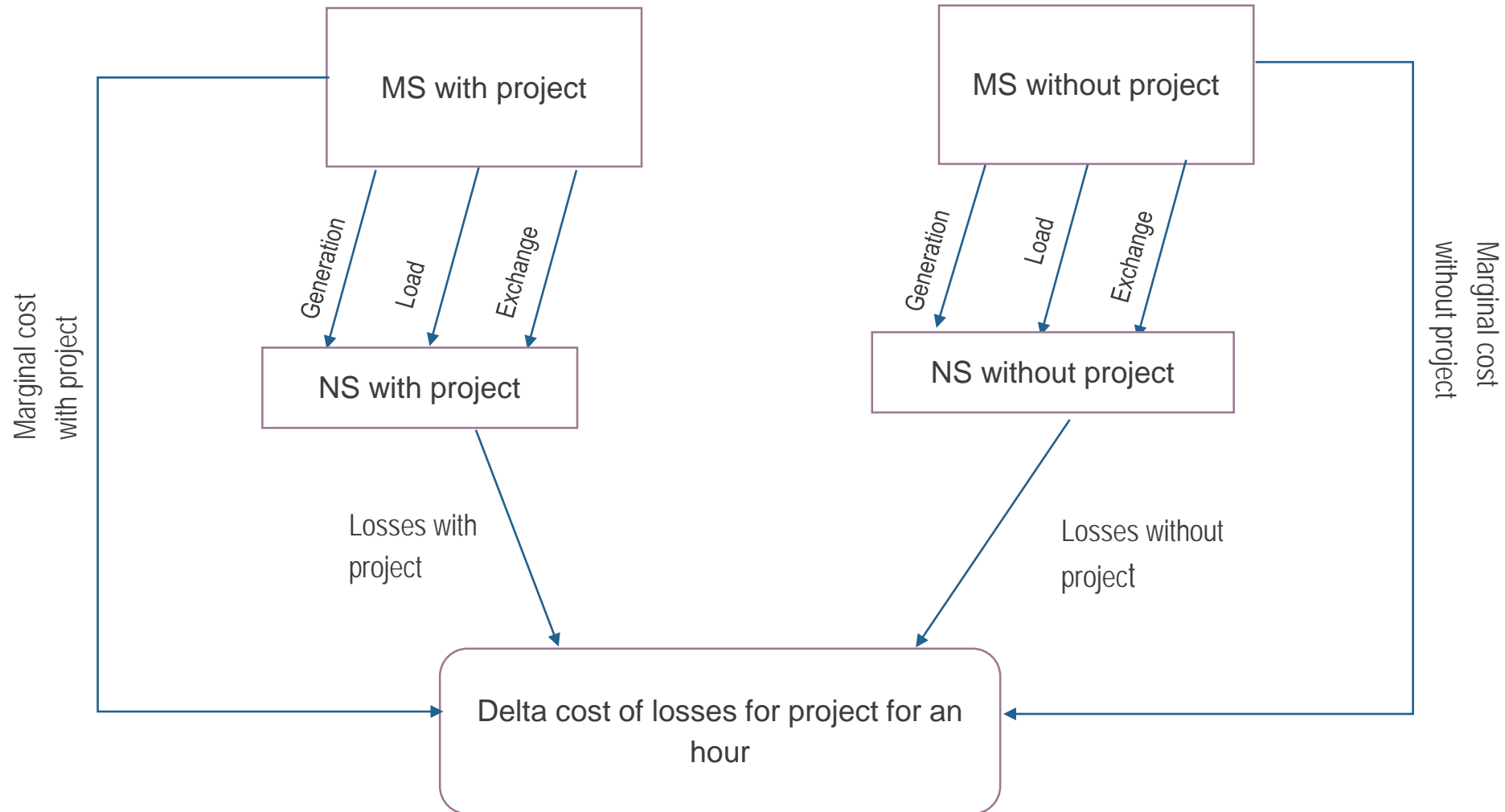
Network indicators – NTC computation



# Assessment of individual projects

## CBA market indicators

Network indicators – Losses computation



# TYNDP Project platform

## Introduction

The third stage of the ten year network development 2018 planning process is the collection of transmission and storage projects. Any interested promoter can apply to submit projects for inclusion in the TYNDP 2018 package, by submitting all the requested administrative and technical documentation/data. The timeline for this process is from the 30 September to the 30 November 2017. Once this window closes entsoe will review the projects, and inform project promoters whether their project has been accepted or rejected at this stage.

Before submitting any project we kindly invite you to read all the documents below which include a step by step description on how to submit your project, which administrative and technical criteria each type of promoter has fulfill including any possibility to update of the submitted data.

Any projects from the TYNDP 2016 must be resubmitted using this platform. All 2016 project data has been uploaded to this platform for maximum convenience, but it is up to the project promoter to submit these for the TYNDP 2018.

## Relevant documents for inclusion of projects in the TYNDP 2018

ENTSO-E Practical implementation document for inclusion of projects in the 10-year network development (TYNDP)2018

Application step by step guidance

ENTSO-E TSOs contact details

National Regulatory Authorities contact details

## What happens after the project is submitted?

After the submission window is closed ENTSO-E will assess all the administrative and technical material that was submitted through this online tool. In case of missing documentation ENTSO-E will contact the promoter requesting any missing information within an indicated time. In case of mistakes in the data submitted the promoter can contact ENTSO-E and update data as clarified in the ENTSO-E Practical implementation document above.

ENTSO-E aims to inform the promoters by mid of February of the acceptance/rejection of projects and will request any additional information necessary to complete the project sheets (more detail can be found in the ENTSO-E Practical implementation document above).

If accepted, projects will be assessed in line with the latest CBA methodology and promoters will be informed of their project assessment results. All the assessments are to be included in the TYNDP 2018.

In case of questions/further clarification you may contact ENTSO-E at:

- Email : TYNDP2018@entsoe.eu
- Phone: +32473810490 (Dante Powell)
- Phone: +32478832561 (Andriy Vovk)

Type of project for submission

Transmission

Storage

<https://entsoe-projectssubscription.azurewebsites.net/>

# Project sheet summary table

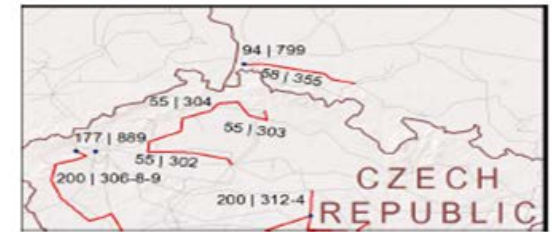
- Serves to highlight all benefits, costs and social assessment according to the multi-criteria framework applied

## Illustrative example- TYNDP 2016

Proj  lec

### Description of the project

Construction of this project enables control of power flow on the border to support system security - in terms of N-1 security, effective utilization of the infrastructure and cross-border market exchanges. The target capacity of phase shifting transformers is 1700MVA per each circuit of tie-lines between CEPS and 50Hertz, that means 3400MVA of thermal capacity. Devices are located in 400kV substation Hradec.



Investment index	Substation 1	Substation 2	Description	GTC contribution (MW)	Present status	Expected date of commissioning	Evolution since TYNDP 2012	Evolution driver
889	Hradec		Construction of new PST in substation Hradec with target capacity 2x1700MVA	-	Design & Permitting	2016	Investment on time	Progress as planned

### CBA results

The tables below summarize the Cost Benefits Analysis results of this project.

CBA results non scenario specific						
GTC direction 1 (MW)	GTC direction 2 (MW)	B6 Technical Resilience	B7 Flexibility	S1 - protected areas	S2 - urban areas	C1 Estimated cost (MEuros)
CZ→DE: 0-500	DE→CZ: 0-500	2	3	NA	NA	72-120

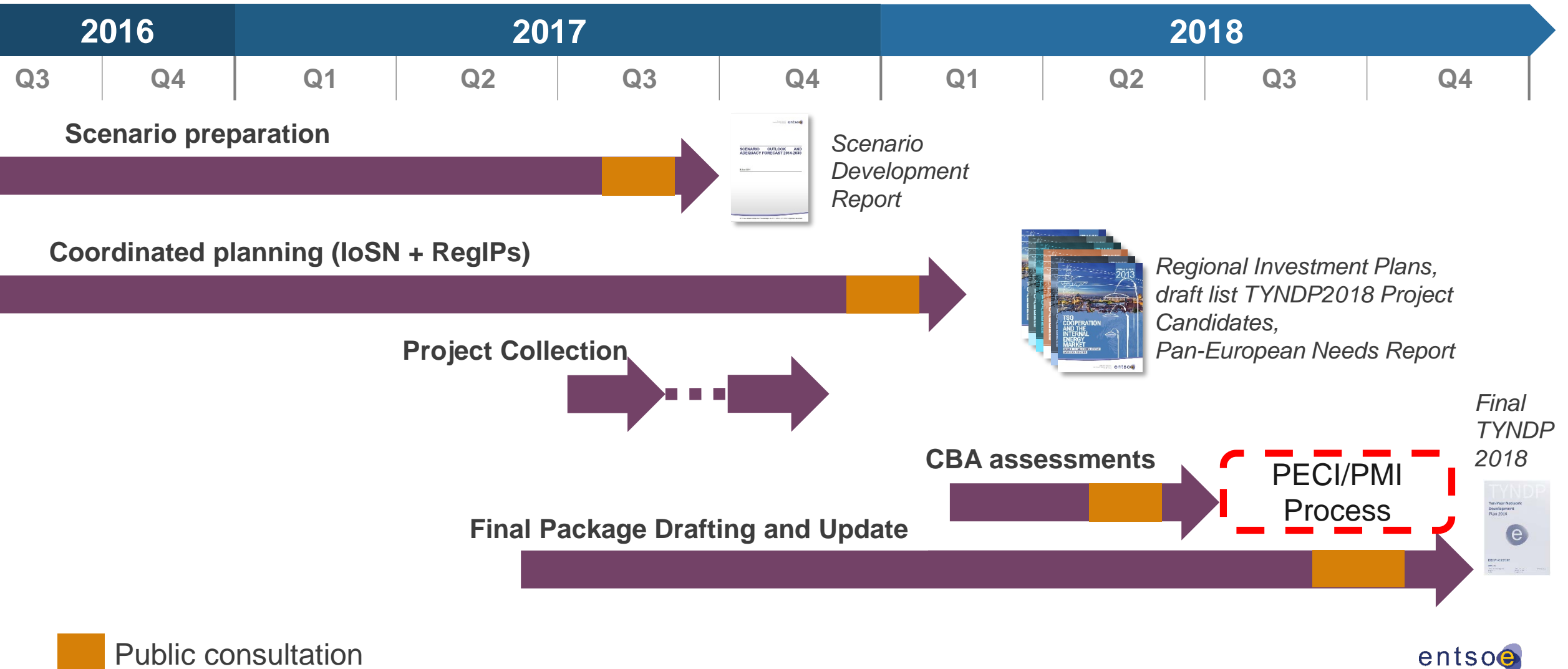
Scenario	CBA results for each scenario				
	B1 SoS (MWh/year)	B2 SEW (MEuros/year)	B3 RES integration	B4 Losses (MWh)	B5 CO2 Emissions (kT/year)
Scenario Vision 1 - 2030	-	[10;14]	0	[110;150]	[140;160]
Scenario Vision 2 - 2030	-	[79;99]	0	[110;160]	[170;210]
Scenario Vision 3 - 2030	-	[14;18]	[62000;76000] MWh	[130;230]	[-58;-78]
Scenario Vision 4 - 2030	-	[20;24]	[210000;250000] MWh	[190;320]	[-120;-140]



# The advantages of being in the TYNDP list of projects

- Be part of the pan-European relevant projects list
- Increased visibility of the project at European and regional level
- Assessed using the common pan-EU CBA methodology
- Eligible for the PCI label application:
  - Financial instruments and possible grants for studies and work

# TYNDP 2018 TIMELINE



# Planned delivery of the assessment results to EnC by ENTSO-E

## Network indicators:

- ✓ NTC for the projects of the same clustering as in PECl/PMI process – by end of December – January 2018;
- ✓ B4 - Losses – to be clarified after consolidation of the project list by ENTSO-E – expected – April – May 2018;

## Market Indicators:

- ✓ Costs – expected – January 2018;
- ✓ The rest of market indicators – to be clarified after consolidation of the project list by ENTSO-E – April – May 2018;

**Thank you for your attention !**